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- (A) Research conducted within any laboratory, greenhouse, or other contained facility where research practices and safeguards prevent environmental impacts;
- (B) Surveys, inventories, and similar studies that have limited context and minimal intensity in terms of changes in the environment; and
- (C) Testing outside of the laboratory, such as in small isolated field plots, which involves the routine use of familiar chemicals or biological materials.
- (ii) Routine renovation, rehabilitation, or revitalization of physical facilities, including the acquisition and installation of equipment, where such activity is limited in scope and intensity
- (b) Exceptions to categorical exclusions. Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this section, an EA or EIS shall be prepared for an activity which is normally within the purview of categorical exclusion where it is determined by CSREES that substantial controversy on environmental grounds exists or that other extraordinary conditions or circumstances are present which may cause such activity to have a significant environmental effect.

§ 3407.7 Actions normally requiring an environmental assessment.

The following actions normally will require an EA:

- (a) Programs supported in whole or in part by CSREES which may result in a particular technology's moving from the field evaluation stage to large-scale demonstration or simulated commercial phase.
- (b) Field work that is expected to have an effect on the human environment such as large-scale excavations or the use of explosives.
- (c) Projects for the construction or renovation of physical facilities, unless categorically excluded under §3407.6(a)(2)(ii).
 - (d) Activities specified in §3407.6(b).

§ 3407.8 Actions normally requiring an environmental impact statement.

An EIS normally will be required for major actions where it is determined by CSREES that such activity will significantly affect the quality of the human environment, including those specified in §3407.6(b).

§ 3407.9 Use of environmental documents in decisionmaking.

In carrying out agency responsibilities under NEPA, CSREES officials shall:

- (a) Consider all relevant environmental documents in evaluating programs, proposals, or projects for final agency action.
- (b) Make all relevant final environmental documents, comments, and responses part of the record in rule-making and adjudicatory proceedings.
- (c) Ensure that all relevant final environmental documents, comments, and responses are submitted to CSREES in a timely fashion, are subjected to normal agency review processes, and are made a part of the official record.
- (d) Consider only those alternatives encompassed by the range of alternatives discussed in the relevant environmental documents when evaluating plans, programs, or proposals for agency action.

§ 3407.10 Preparation of environmental assessments.

- (a) Format and content. An EA may be prepared in any format provided that it covers, in a logical and succinct fashion, the information necessary for determining whether a proposed CSREES action may have a significant environmental impact and thus warrant preparation of an EIS. The information must include brief discussions on the need for the project, alternatives to the proposed action, environmental impacts of the proposed action and alternatives, and a listing of agencies and persons consulted (40 CFR 1508.9). Where possible, EAs should be limited to 10-15 pages. NOTE: It is the scope and complexity of the environmental issues, rather than the size of the project, that should be used to determine the length of the EA
- (b) Supplements to environmental assessments. Where substantial changes occur in a project or activity for which an EA has been prepared and it is determined by a responsible CSREES official specified in §3407.4(b) that the